Application No.: 10/575,098

## IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Currently amended) A level shift circuit comprising:

first and second P-channel transistors of which sources are connected to a high-voltage power supply; and

first and second N-channel transistors of which sources are grounded,

wherein complementary input signals in phase with and in opposite phase to an input signal from a low power-supply voltage operating circuit are respectively inputted to gates of the first and second N-channel transistors,

a drain of the first N-channel transistor is <u>directly</u> connected to a drain of the first P-channel transistor and a gate of the second P-channel transistor,

a drain of the second N-channel transistor is <u>directly</u> connected to a drain of the second P-channel transistor and a gate of the first P-channel transistor,

the level shift circuit further comprises a resistance <u>element</u> connecting the drain of the first N-channel transistor with the drain of the second N-channel transistor, and

the drain of the second N-channel transistor serves as [[an] a first output terminal to a high power-supply voltage operating circuit.

2. (Currently amended) The level shift circuit of Claim 1, wherein the resistance <u>element</u> is constructed of a P-channel transistor, and the P-channel transistor is grounded at its gate, connected to the drain of the first N-channel transistor at its source, and connected to the drain of the second N-channel transistor at its drain, to be in the normally ON state.

3. (Currently amended) The level shift circuit of Claim 1,

Application No.: 10/575,098

wherein the resistance <u>element</u> is constructed of an N-channel transistor, and the N-channel transistor is connected to a high-voltage power supply at its gate, connected to the drain of the first N-channel transistor at its source, and connected to the drain of the second N-channel transistor at its drain, to be in the normally ON state.

- 4. (Withdrawn Currently amended) The level shift circuit of Claim 1,
  wherein the resistance element is constructed of a P-channel transistor, and
  the P-channel transistor receives an ON/OFF operation switch signal at its gate,
  connected to the drain of the first N-channel transistor at its source, and connected to the drain of
  the second N-channel transistor at its drain.
- 5. (Withdrawn Currently amended) The level shift circuit of Claim 1, wherein the resistance <u>element</u> is constructed of an N-channel transistor, and the N-channel transistor receives an ON/OFF operation switch signal at its gate, connected to the drain of the first N-channel transistor at its source, and connected to the drain of the second N-channel transistor at its drain.
- 6. (Withdrawn) The level shift circuit of Claim 4, wherein the ON/OFF operation switch signal is an operation mode switch signal received from outside.
  - 7. (Currently amended) The level shift circuit of Claim 1,

wherein the drains of the first and second drain of the first N-channel transistors serve as transistor serves as a second output terminal, where the first and second output terminals are differential output terminals for the high power-supply voltage operating circuit.

8. (Previously presented) A semiconductor integrated circuit comprising the level shift circuit of Claim 1.